

Staff Farm - Biosecurity Procedure

To reduce the risk of disease entering the farm, robust staff biosecurity controls must be in place. These apply to all personnel entering the property. Staff movements, hygiene, training, and behaviour are critical components of an effective on-farm biosecurity system.

Relevant Associated Requirements *[delete as appropriate]*

- **Code of Welfare: Meat Chickens 2018** - Example Indicators for Minimum Standard No. 4 - Housing and Equipment: "Access to the premises is controlled"
- **Code of Welfare: Layer Hens 2018** - Example Indicators for Minimum Standard No. 4 - Housing and Equipment Design and Maintenance: "Provisions are in place to control personnel accessing the premises."

Biosecurity Objectives:

- **Limit and control staff access** to poultry production areas.
- **Minimise the risk of introducing disease or contaminants** through staff movements or activities.

Activity	Farm Procedure
1. Staff Stand-Down Controls Describe the controls in place to ensure staff comply with stand-down requirements if they have visited other poultry operations, been in contact with other farms animals or recently travelled overseas.	
2. Staff Animal-Ownership Requirements Detail whether the farm prohibits or restricts staff from keeping certain animals at home, such as pet chickens, ducks, other birds or pigs.	
3. Staff Entry Procedure Describe the full procedure staff must complete when entering the farm, such as: • Signing in. • Handwashing or sanitising upon arrival. • Changing into farm-provided clothing. • Footwear requirements, such as using footbaths, or boot-change zones. • Requirements for personal items (e.g., no personal equipment in bird areas). Clear signage, facility layout, and designated clean/dirty zones should support these procedures.	
4. Movement Between Poultry Houses Detail the farm's internal movement requirements between housing units.	